

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/873,067	06/01/2001	Christopher M. Tobin	50P4053.01	3986
7590 04/25/2006		EXAMINER		
Blakely, Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP			ZHOU, TING	
Seventh Floor	Doulevald		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
Los Angeles, C	A 90025		2173	
			DATE MAILED: 04/25/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	09/873,067	TOBIN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	•			
	Ting Zhou	2173				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence add	iress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuent Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMU  1.136(a). In no event, however, may d will apply and will expire SIX (6) No ate, cause the application to become	NICATION.  y a reply be timely filed  IONTHS from the mailing date of this cole  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133)				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u>	February 2006.					
	nis action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow		atters, prosecution as to the	merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under	· ·	•				
Discounties of Oleina						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>17-40</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
<u> </u>	Claim(s) <u>17-40</u> is/are rejected.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
·						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,		•			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c). None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	. —	No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO 	-152)			
S. Datant and Trademark Office	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Application/Control Number: 09/873,067 Page 2

Art Unit: 2173

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The amendment filed on 7 February 2006 have been received and entered. Claims 17-40 as amended are pending in the application.

#### Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 28, 34 and 40 are objected to because of the following informalities:
  - a. Claim 28 recites "The method of claim 27"; however, claim 27 recites an apparatus instead of a method. For prosecution purposes, the examiner assumes that this is a typographical error and that claim 28 was intended to be recited as "The apparatus of claim 27".
  - b. Claim 34 recites "The method of claim 33"; however, claim 33 recites an apparatus instead of a method. For prosecution purposes, the examiner assumes that this is a typographical error and that claim 34 was intended to be recited as "The apparatus of claim 33".
  - c. Claim 40 recites "The method of claim 39"; however, claim 39 recites a computer readable storage medium instead of a method. For prosecution purposes, the examiner assumes that this is a typographical error and that claim 40 was intended to be recited as "The computer readable storage medium of claim 39".
  - d. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Art Unit: 2173

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 17-18, 21-24, 27-30, 33-36 and 39-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jakobson U.S. Patent 6,697,838 and Perlman U.S. Patent 6,237,039.

Referring to claims 17, 23, 29 and 35, Jakobson teaches a method, apparatus, means and computer readable storage comprising identifying a particular resource displayed in a first web page using a device that displays the first web page (the client device which displays the web pages displays, i.e. identifies, a plurality of resources, i.e. URLs) (Jakobson: column 9, lines 46-64 and Figure 2K); determining, with the device, whether an entry corresponding to the particular resource displayed on the first web page is contained in a database on the device that correlates supplemental information to each of a plurality of resources (the processor of the client device determines whether supplemental information such as a note file related to the resource, i.e. the URL, is contained in a database stored on the storage device of the client device) (Jakobson: column 3, line 6-column 4, line 29 and column 9, lines 46-64), wherein the database is separate from the first web page and the first web page is ordinarily devoid of the supplemental information (the associated note data is displayed when the user clicks on the URL; in other words, if the user does not click on the URL, the web page is devoid of, i.e. does not display the associated note) (Jakobson: column 9, lines 46-64); and displaying supplemental information for the particular resource along with and separate from the first web page where it

Art Unit: 2173

is determined that the database contains an entry for the particular resource (the supplemental note data is displayed along with, i.e. on the web page, and separate from, i.e. in a separate area on the web page, as shown in Figures 2F and 2K) (Jakobson: column 8, lines 35-51 and column 9, lines 46-64). However, Jakobson fails to explicitly teach that the resource is a product. Perlman teaches a graphical user interface for displaying related information for selected links similar to that of Jakobson. In addition, Perlman teaches that the selectable links are products (display supplemental information related to a particular product upon user selection of the particular product advertisement) (Perlman: column 7, lines 19-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Jakobson and Perlman before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the display of supplemental information related to a selected resource of Jakobson to include the display of related information of a selected product taught by Perlman. One would have been motivated to make such a combination in order to promote and accommodate the growing increase in the use of the Internet for the sale and marketing of goods and products.

Referring to claims 18, 24, 30 and 36, Jakobson, as modified, teaches the particular product is a link to a second webpage (the resource is a link, i.e. URL to a web page; selection of the link for the product advertisement takes the user to a related web page) (Jakobson: Figure 2K; Perlman: column 7, lines 19-35).

Referring to claims 21, 27, 33 and 39, Jakobson, as modified, teach detecting an event relating to the particular product, wherein the event prompts the display of supplemental information for the particular product (detecting an event such as selection of the resource, i.e. URL, which prompts, or causes the display of the associated note data; detection of an event

Art Unit: 2173

such as user selection of the product advertisement, which prompts the display of the related web page) (Jakobson: column 3, line 6-column 4, line 29 and column 9, lines 46-64; Perlman: column 7, lines 19-35).

Referring to claims 22, 28, 34 and 40, Jakobson, as modified, teach wherein the event is a cursor rollover of the particular product and the supplemental information is superimposed on the first web page in the vicinity of the display of the particular product (when the user selects the URL by moving the cursor to the URL and selecting it, the supplemental note data is displayed on the first web page in the vicinity of, or near the URL, as shown in Figures 2F and 2K) (Jakobson: column 3, line 6-column 4, line 29, column 8, lines 35-51 and column 9, lines 46-64, Perlman: column 7, lines 19-35).

4. Claims 19-20, 25-26, 31-32 and 37-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jakobson U.S. Patent 6,697,838 and Perlman U.S. Patent 6,237,039, as applied to the claims above, and Harris et al. U.S. Patent 6,014,635 (hereinafter Harris).

Referring to claims 19-20, 25-26, 31-32 and 37-38, Jakobson and Perlman teach all of the limitations as applied to the claims above. Specifically, Jakobson and Perlman teach a second web page (the resource is a link, i.e. URL to a web page) (Jakobson: Figure 2K) and the supplemental information being obtained from the database and not being ordinarily evident from the webpage (the associated note data stored in the database is displayed when the user clicks on the URL, in other words, if the user does not click on the URL, the web page is devoid of, i.e. does not display the associated note) (Jakobson: column 3, line 6-column 4, line 29 and column 9, lines 46-64). However, Jakobson and Perlman fail to explicitly teach the second web

Art Unit: 2173

page correlates to a purchasable item, and the displayed supplemental information including a consumer incentive available to the user and relating to the purchasable item. Harris teaches a system for interacting with a user (Harris: column 2, line 18-column 3, line 6) similar to that of Jakobson and Perlman. In addition, Harris further teaches consumer incentives available to the user relating to the items being purchased, wherein the consumer incentive is a discount for purchasing the items using a particular credit card (using the preferred discount credit system) (Harris: column 2, lines 18-25 and column 2, line 53-column 3, line 6). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Jakobson, Perlman and Harris before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the system for displaying a link to a second web page and supplemental information stored in a database relating to a particular resource of Jakobson and Perlman to include the consumer incentives relating to a purchasable item taught by Harris, in order to obtain a system wherein the second web page correlates to purchasable items and the supplemental information includes consumer incentives such as a discount for purchasing the purchasable item. One would have motivated to make such a combination in order to promote and increase the online sale of goods and services.

## Response to Arguments

5 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 17-40 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 2173

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ting Zhou whose telephone number is (571) 272-4058. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7:00 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached at (571) 272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Art Unit: 2173

Page 8

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TZ

KIEUD. VU